The Detroit Children's Health Study: An Examination of the Effects of Ambient Air Exposure on the Respiratory Health of Asthmatic Children

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Exposures

Mobile Source Emissions

- · Local car and truck traffic
- · Interstate traffic
- International border crossings

Urban Air Toxics

- Manganese
- Volatile Organic Compounds
- Other Air Toxics from Industrial Sources



Ambient Air Monitoring

Summer of 2005, Passive Sampling Six one-week periods at 25 schools *Nitrogen dioxide*

Ogawa passive samplers

Volatile Organic Compounds

- Carbopack X passive samplers
- Petroleum and process-related compounds

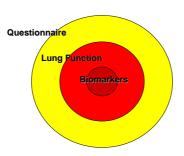
Particulate Matter

- Wagner-Leith Passive Aerosol Samplers
- SEM analysis of metals for source apportionment

Questions to be Addressed:

- How do urban air pollution levels differ from neighborhood-to- neighborhood?
- Are ambient pollutant exposures reflected in clinical / biological markers of exposure?
- Are exposure biomarkers predictive of differences in biomarkers of early effect?
- What role do neighborhood differences in urban air pollutants play in the development of allergies and asthma?

Nested Research Studies



Schools and Sources





Detroit Children's Health Study

School-based Health Data Collection

- Questionnaires (Parental-Report)
 - 15,000 children
 - Asthma and wheeze-related symptoms
 - Home environment (molds / pests / ETS)
- **Examinations (In-school subset)**
 - Lung function
- 3,500 children
- · Exhaled nitric oxide
- 2,000 children



Study Participants

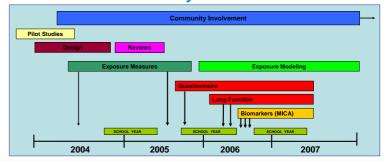
- Detroit and Dearborn Public Schools
- 60 selected elementary schools
- · 4th and 5th grade students
- Parents and guardians

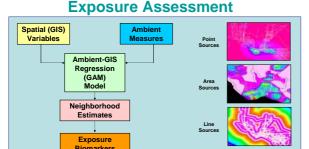


"People are Different"

By Christopher Age 11 Iosco County, Michigan

Study Schedule







epa**science**forum

Collaborative Science for Environmental Solutions

